











Sinclair & Dyes Inlets Fecal Coliform TMDL

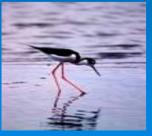
March 15, 2007
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Overview - 1

- > TMDL Progress 2006
- > Preliminary model runs
- "Marine areas of concern"
- > For each area:
 - Responsible for point sources
 - Responsible for nonpoint sources
- Municipal Stormwater Permit











Overview - 2

Implementation Plan Elements:

- Current programs
- New programs/higher level of effort
- Schedule for new programs
- Expected date/year to meet Water Quality Standards
- Monitoring plan
- Tracking implementation



Critical Conditions



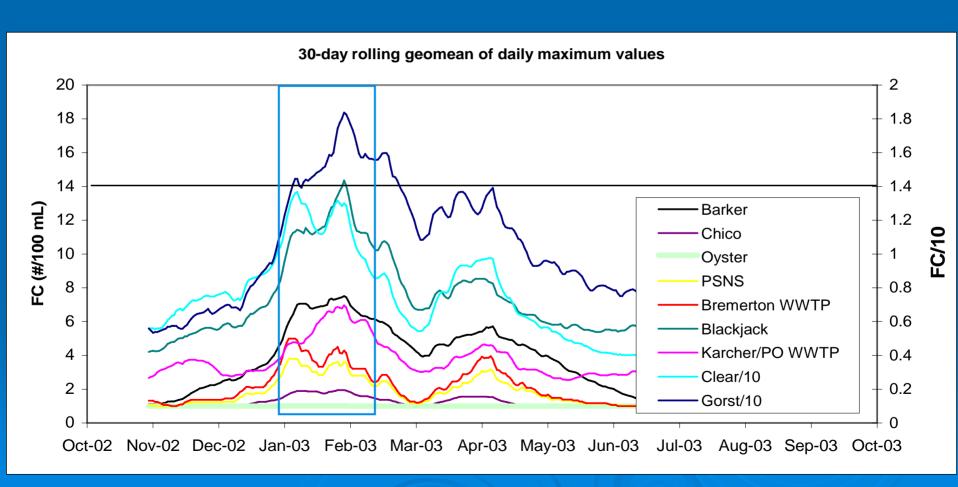


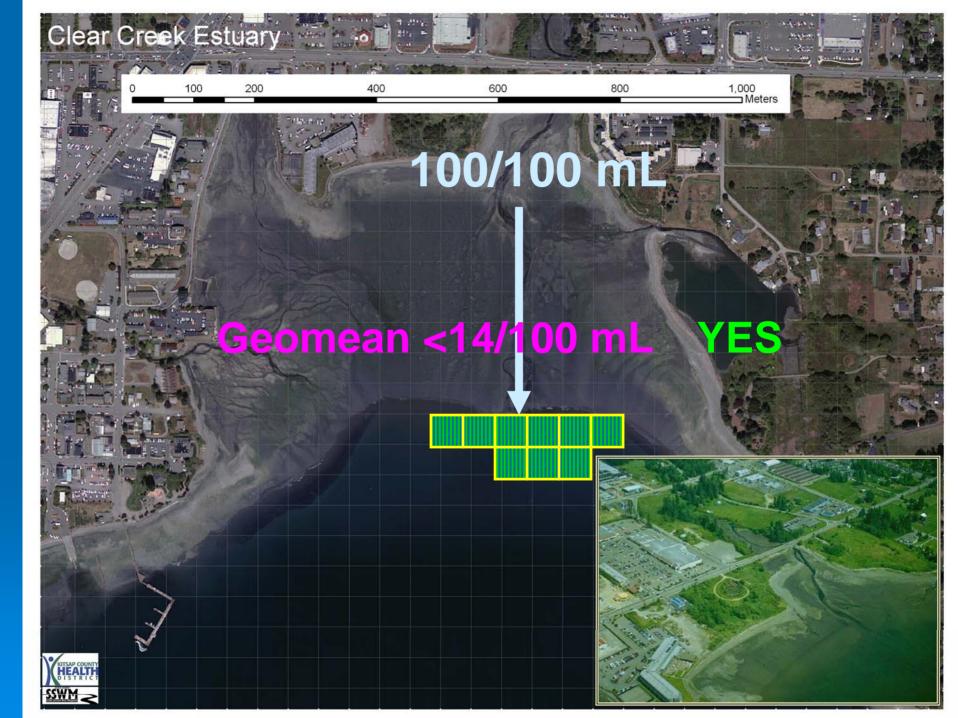


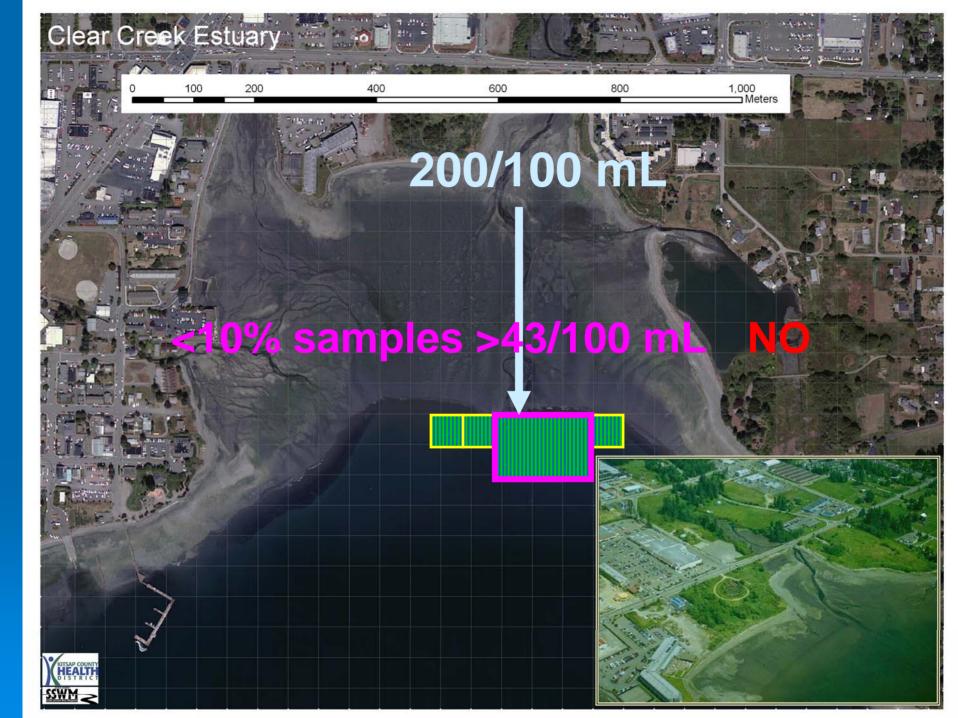


40 CFR 130.7(c)(1): "TMDLs shall take into account critical conditions for streamflow, loading, and water quality parameters."

TMDL Progress - 2006







Interim results

- Clear Creek will need more stringent targets than 200 per 100 mL if single grid cells or 3 or 4 cells grouped
- Clear Creek must meet freshwater quality standards to meet marine standards if 6 or 9 cells are grouped





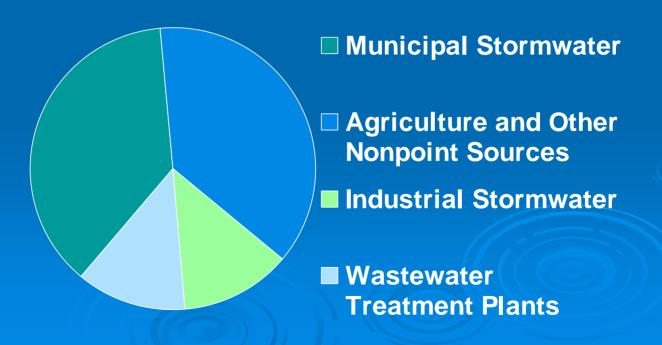


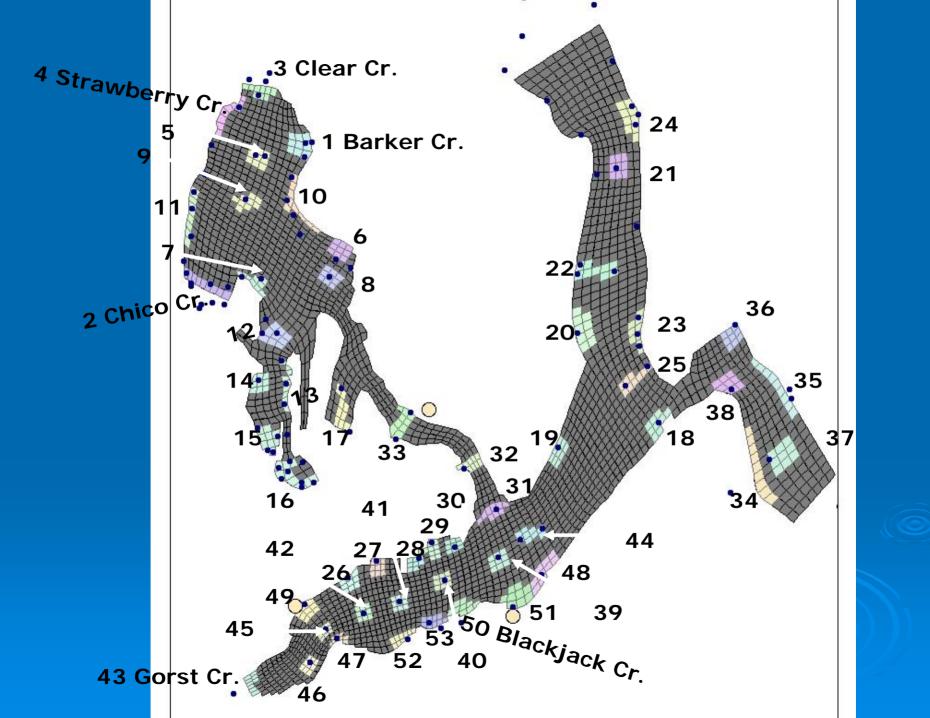


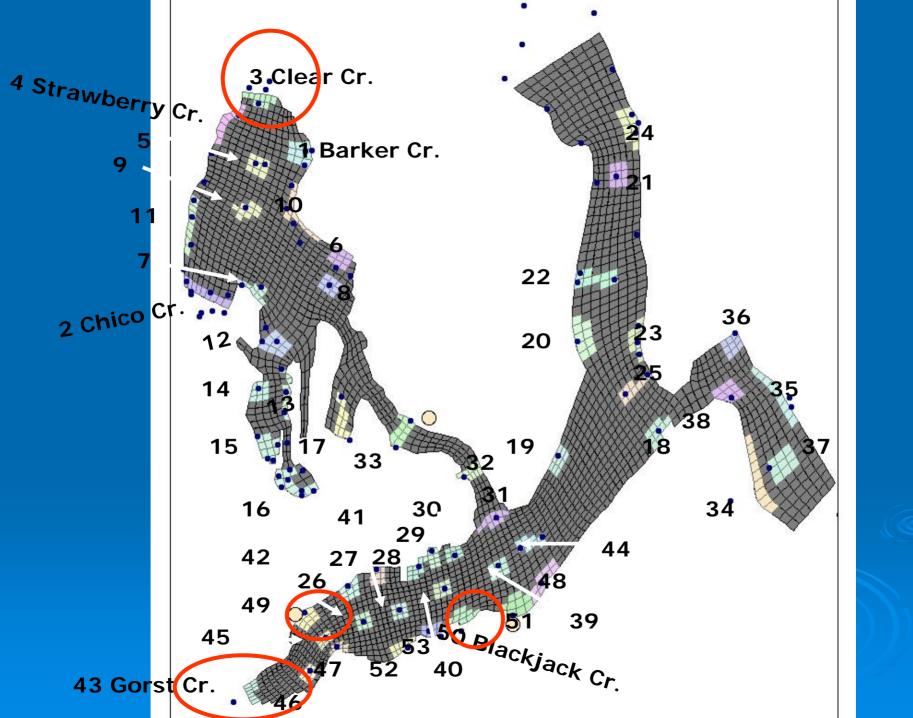


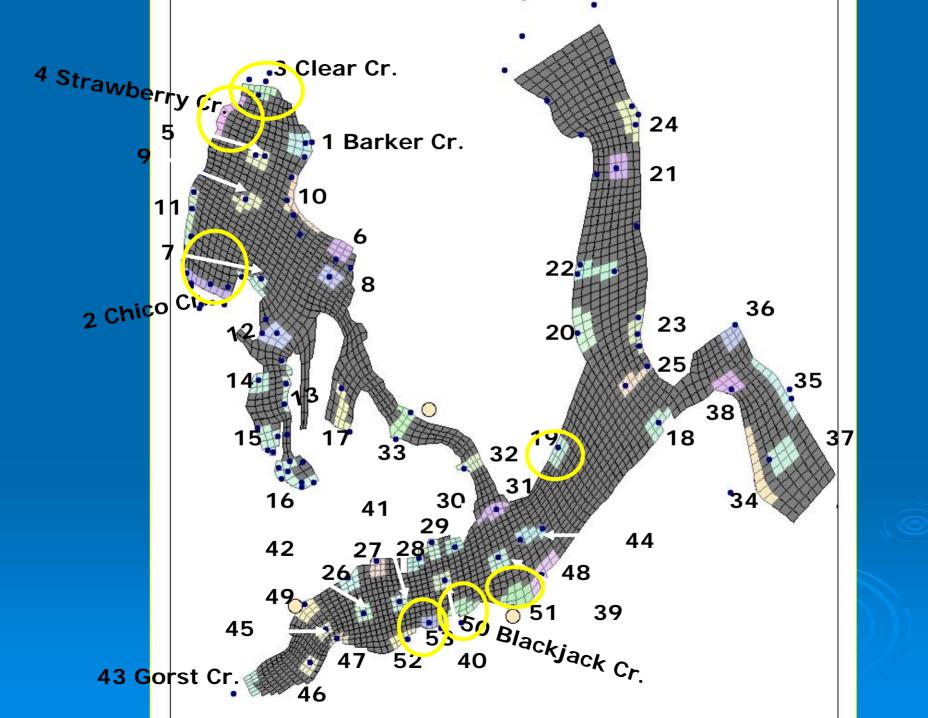
Technical study determines how much bacteria reduction needs to occur

Municipalities, industries and WWTPs receive a Wasteload Allocation (WLA)
Nonpoint sources receive a Load
Allocation









Preliminary "Areas of Concern"

- (1) Model-predicted locations with FC exceedances of standard
- (2)"Underpredicted" shoreline areas
- (3) Streams with FC violations in late summer, low-flow season
- (4)"Dirty" storm discharg













Next steps - 2007

- Setting Wasteload Allocations and Load Allocations
- Implementation Plan meetings in 2007
 - March 15th & "To be determined"
 - Review problem locations/sources
 - Review existing practices
 - Define needed practices, structures, programs











Implementation Meetings

- Purpose review draft TMDL and advise Ecology (Ecology makes final decision)
- Develop better recommendations with local knowledge
- Incentive for a good plan: if recommendations prove effective, may not need permit requirements in 5 years

Point Sources: NPDES Stormwater, WWTP Permits

- > EPA reviews and approve all TMDLs.
- Stormwater and Wastewater must receive a WLA if they are contributing to the TMDL problem.
- > NPDES permits must address TMDLs.

Where a TMDL has been approved NPDES permits must contain effluent limits and conditions consistent with the TMDL (40 CFR 122.44(d)(1)(vii)(B) and 40 CFR 122.34(e)(1).



Nonpoint Sources

Surface runoff to streams, marine waters

Pet waste

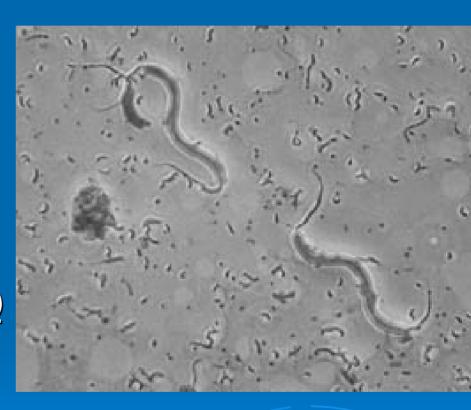
Failing septic systems

Wildlife

Recommended (Voluntary)
Programs:

Septic system education programs

Pet waste education













EPA's Guidance for establishing stormwater permit limits through TMDLs

- EPA allows effluent limits to be expressed in the form of BMPs, therefore:
- Municipal Stormwater Permits will not have numeric permit limits.
- > WLAs are not numeric permit limits.





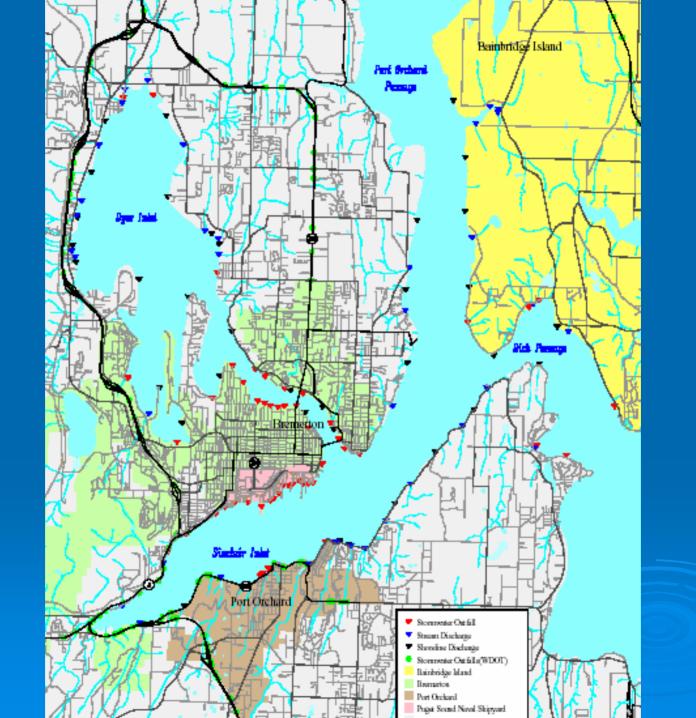






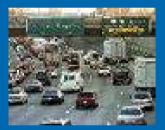
Stormwater BMPs for areas of Existing Development

- Ecology's Western Washington Stormwater Manual addresses new development, but also...
 - Applicable BMPs for areas with existing development are defined in Volume IV
 - Applicable BMPs can include both "Operational" and "Structural" BMPs.













Ecology's Phase II Municipal Stormwater Permit

- Issued December 2006
- Six required elements:
 - Public education & outreach
 - Public involvement/participation
 - Illicit discharge detection and elimination
 - Construction site stormwater runoff control
 - Post construction stormwater management in new and re-development
 - Pollution prevention/good housekeeping for municipal operations
- Plus two compliance with TMDLs, and evaluation and assessment of the stormwater program











What stormwater BMPs might be required by a TMDL?

- Review sources and identify programs or activities to address them.
- Are these programs and activities already required under the Phase II stormwater permit?
- Are specific programs or activities ("above and beyond" the permit) needed?
 Such additional requirements should be known to be effective











Phase II Municipalities

- What elements of the permit already in place?
- Land area that drains to an "Area of Concern" –
 - Storm system mapped?
 - Structural BMPs? Age?
 - Frequency of cleaning & inspections (O & M)
 - Other ways to reduce sources?

Phase II municipalities (2)

- > Area of Concern:
 - Current program sufficient?
 - Better education & outreach to commercial property owners?
- Kitsap Health
 District North Dyes
 Inlet Restoration
 Project





North Dyes Inlet Restoration Project (Kitsap Health District)



> Preliminary results show FC reductions



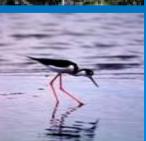
> County SSWM - prior mapping, IDDE



> Improvements



 Sediment removal & vault cleaning by commercial property owners



- Maintenance of ponds vegetation, sediment removal
- 2 properties bioswales rebuilt
- 3 properties pond/swale extensive cleanup

TMDL Monitoring

Each municipality, industry monitor its "Areas of Concern"

Follow common protocol

Annual meeting to review water quality data, implementation



Dyes Inlet



Sinclair Inlet Cleanup April 21st!

